## 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill							
Received:	1/7/2014				Received By:	mshovers	
Wanted:	As time p	ermits			Same as LRB:		
For: Chris Taylor 266-5342			By/Representing:	patrick			
May Contact:					Drafter:	mshovers	
Subject:	•	iness - credit			Addl. Drafters:	jkreye	
	Tax, Indi Tax, Oth	iness - crp in ividual - inco er - estate ividual - ded	me credit		Extra Copies:		
Submit via er Requester's e Carbon copy	mail:	joseph.	kreye@leg	s.wisconsin. gis.wisconsi gis.wisconsi	n.gov		
Pre Topic:							
No specific p	ore topic giv	/en					
Topic:							
Combined recapital gains	eporting, ear , personal e	rned income axemptions, re	and homest epeal Act 2	tead tax cred 0 individual	lits, domestic produ income tax rates a	action activities on the desired action activities on the desired action actions are desired actions.	eredit, iges
Instructions	3:						
domestic pro	duction act	tivities credit.	capital gai	ins, and LRI	earned income and 3 -3422, repeal the n to former law	homestead tax c changes made to	redits, the
Drafting Hi	story:						
Vers. Draf	ted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofec	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required

jdyer 1/15/2014

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mshovers 1/7/2014

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/1	mshovers 2/21/2014		rschluet 1/15/2014		mbarman 1/15/2014		State S&L Tax
/2		jdyer 2/24/2014	jfrantze 2/24/2014		srose 2/24/2014	srose 2/26/2014	State S&L Tax

FE Sent For:

<END>

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Wante	ed:	As time per	mits			Same as LRB:		
For: Chris Taylor 266-5342			By/Representing:	patrick				
May Contact:				Drafter:	mshovers			
Subject: Tax, Business - credits Tax, Business - crp inc, fran Tax, Individual - income credit Tax, Other - estate Tax, Individual - dedct/sbtrct			Addl. Drafters:  Extra Copies:	jkreye				
Reque	Submit via email:  Requester's email:  Carbon copy (CC) to:  Submit via email:  Rep.Taylor@legis.wisconsin.gov  joseph.kreye@legis.wisconsin.gov  marc.shovers@legis.wisconsin.gov							
Pre T	opic:							
No sp	ecific pr	e topic given						
Topic	•							
						ts, domestic produ income tax rates ar		
Instru	ctions:							
domes	stic prod	uction activit	ies credit	, capital gains	, and LRB	arned income and larger areas are areas areas are areas areas are areas		
Draft	ing Hist	ory:						
Vers.	<u>Drafte</u>	d Rev	viewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?	mshov 1/7/20	<i>J J</i>	er 5/2014					

**LRB-3911** 2/24/2014 2:43:38 PM Page 2

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	<u>Required</u>
/1	mshovers 2/21/2014		rschluet 1/15/2014		mbarman 1/15/2014		State S&L Tax
/2		jdyer 2/24/2014	jfrantze 2/24/2014		srose 2/24/2014		State S&L Tax

FE Sent For:

<**END>** 

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Bill

Received:

1/7/2014

Received By:

mshovers

Wanted:

As time permits

Same as LRB:

For:

Chris Taylor 266-5342

By/Representing: patrick

May Contact:

Drafter:

mshovers

Subject:

Tax, Business - credits

Addl. Drafters:

**ikreye** 

Tax, Business - crp inc, fran

Tax, Individual - income credit

Tax, Other - estate

Extra Copies:

Tax, Individual - dedct/sbtrct

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Taylor@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC) to:

joseph.kreye@legis.wisconsin.gov marc.shovers@legis.wisconsin.gov

**Pre Topic:** 

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Combined reporting, earned income and homestead tax credits, domestic production activities credit, capital gains, personal exemptions, repeal Act 20 individual income tax rates and brackets changes

**Instructions:** 

See attached. Combine LRB -1745/2, combined reporting, earned income and homestead tax credits, domestic production activities credit, capital gains, and LRB -3422, repeal the changes made to the individual income tax rates and brackets in Act 20 and return to former law

Drafting History:

Vers. Drafted

Reviewed **Typed**  Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

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mshovers 1/7/2014

idyer 1/15/2014

**LRB-3911** 1/15/2014 10:42:18 AM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/1 /2	WES	2/21/14	rschluet 1/15/2014		mbarman 1/15/2014		State S&L Tax

FE Sent For:

<END>

## 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

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Received By:

mshovers

Wanted:

As time permits

Same as LRB:

For:

Chris Taylor 266-5342

By/Representing:

patrick

May Contact:

Drafter:

mshovers

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Tax, Business - credits

Tax, Business - crp inc, fran Tax, Individual - income credit Addl. Drafters:

jkreye

Tax, Other - estate

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marc.shovers@legis.wisconsin.gov

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Vers. Drafted

Reviewed **Typed** 

Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

FE Sent For:

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## State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE

LRB 1745/2
MES & JK & MAS JALJIM

**2013 BILL** 

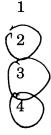
Fixed request sheet

AN ACT to repeal 71.05 (6) (a) 25.,71.07 (5n), 71.07 (9e) (aj), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.21 (4) (b), 71.255 (6) (bm), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.26 (4) (b), 71.28 (5n), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (m), 71.45 (4) (b), 71.54 (1) (g) and 71.54 (2) (b) 4.; to renumber and amend 71.26 (4) (a) and 71.45 (4) (a); to amend 71.01 (14), 71.03 (2) (a) 1., 71.05 (6) (b) 9., 71.05 (6) (b) 9m., 71.05 (6) (b) 25., 71.05 (6) (b) 47. b., 71.05 (6) (b) 47. c., 71.05 (8) (b), 71.05 (23) (b) 1., 71.05 (25) (b) (intro.), 71.06 (1p) (e), 71.06 (2) (g) 5., 71.06 (2) (h) 5., 71.06 (2e) (b), 71.07 (9e) (af) (intro.), 71.09 (11) (f), 71.255 (2m) (d), 71.255 (6) (a), 71.36 (1m) (a), 71.54 (1) (f) (intro.), 71.54 (2) (b) 3. and 71.54 (2m); and to create 71.05 (23) (be), 71.06 (1p) (f), 71.06 (2) (g) 6. and 71.06 (2) (h) 6. of the statutes; relating to: disregarding a taxpayer's election to include another in its combined group, disallowing certain carry-forward amounts for combined reporting purposes, repealing the income and franchise

tax credit for qualified production activities income, repealing the changes

made to the earned income tax credit in 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, increasing the

D(INS 1-10)



homestead tax credit, eliminating the individual income tax exclusion for long-term capital gains other than for farm assets, who creating a new findividual income tax upper bracket.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

### Combined reporting

Under current law, a taxpayer may elect to include in its combined group, for income and franchise tax reporting purposes, every corporation in its commonly controlled group, regardless of whether such corporations are engaged in the same unitary business of the taxpayer. Under current law, the Department of Revenue (DOR) may not disallow such an election, or disregard its effect. Under this bill, if DOR determines that such an election has the effect of tax avoidance, DOR must disregard the election's tax effect or disallow the election.

Under current law, for each taxable year that a corporation that is a member of a combined group has net business loss carry-forward from a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2009, the corporation may, for 20 taxable years, use up to 5 percent of the net business loss carry-forward to offset the income of all other members of the combined group. The bill eliminates this provision.

## Qualified production activities income credit

Under the federal Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer may claim a deduction equal to 9 percent of the taxpayer's qualified production activities income in the taxable year or 9 percent of the taxpayer's total taxable income, whichever is less. For federal tax purposes, qualified production activities income is, generally, the amount of the taxpayer's domestic production gross receipts that exceed the sum of the cost of goods sold and other expenses, losses, or deductions. Domestic production gross receipts are, generally, gross receipts derived from property that was manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted in the United States.

Under current law, an individual taxpayer may claim a state income tax credit equal to the taxpayer's qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property and agricultural property, multiplied by a certain percentage. A corporation or insurer may claim a state income and franchise tax credit equal to the lesser of its taxable income apportioned to this state or its qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. The percentage of qualified production activities income that a taxpayer may claim as a credit is 1.875 percent for 2013, 3.75 percent for 2014, 5.526 percent for 2015, and 7.5 percent for 2016 and for each year thereafter.

The bill eliminates the tax credit for qualified production activities income.

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Upper income tax bracket

Under current law, there are five income tax brackets for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons. The brackets are indexed for inflation. The rate of taxation under current law for the lowest bracket for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons is 4.6 percent of taxable income; the rate for the second bracket is 6.15 percent; the rate for the third bracket is 6.5 percent; the rate for the fourth bracket is 6.75 percent; and the rate for the highest bracket, which was created in the 2009–11 biennial budget act, 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is 7.75 percent.

For taxable year 2011, the highest bracket applies to taxable income exceeding \$224,210 for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, and heads of households. For married persons, the highest current bracket applies to taxable income exceeding \$298,940 for joint filers and \$149,470 for separate filers.

For taxable year 2013 and thereafter, this bill creates a sixth bracket with a taxation rate of 8.75 percent. For single individuals, certain fiduciaries, and heads of households, this bracket applies to taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000. For married persons, this bracket applies to taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000 for joint filers and \$500,000 for separate filers. This bracket is indexed for inflation.

### Personal exemptions

Under current law, an individual income tax personal exemption exists in the amount of \$700 for each taxpayer who is required to file an income tax return and \$700 for the taxpayer's spouse, except if the spouse is filing separately or as a head of household. A taxpayer may also claim a \$700 exemption for each dependent for whom he or she is entitled to claim an exemption under the Internal Revenue Code. In general, an additional exemption of \$250 may be claimed by a taxpayer, and spouse, who has reached the age of 65 before the close of the taxable year to which his or her tax return relates.

This bill increases the personal exemption amount for certain taxpayers starting with taxable year 2013. Under the bill, if a single individual has Wisconsin adjusted gross income (WAGI) of less than \$12,000, his or her personal exemption is \$4,310. The personal exemption amount for such an individual phases down to approximately \$700 as his or her WAGI increases from \$12,000 to the maximum income threshold of \$60,000. If such an individual's WAGI is more than the maximum income threshold, the individual calculates his or her exemption under current law.

Similarly under the bill, the personal exemption amount for a head of household, a married couple filing jointly, and a married individual filing separately are all increased to \$4,310 per person for those whose WAGI, or joint WAGI in the case of a married couple filing jointly, is less than \$14,000 (head of household), \$20,000 (married joint), or \$10,000 (married separate). The exemption amount phases down to approximately \$700 (\$1,400 for a married couple filing jointly) as WAGI increases to the maximum income threshold, which is \$70,000 (head of household), \$100,000 (married joint), or \$50,000 (married separate). If a taxpayer's WAGI is more than the maximum income threshold, the taxpayer calculates his or her, or the couple's, exemption under current law. The bill does not make any change

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to the current law exemption provisions for dependents or individuals who are age 65 or above.

### Earned income tax credit

Under current law, as created in 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, the earned income tax credit (EITC) is reduced for claimants with two or more qualifying children. The bill repeals those provisions and restores former law. Under the bill, the EITC, as a percentage of the federal credit, would be 4 percent for claimants with one qualifying child, 14 percent for claimants with two qualifying children, and 43 percent for claimants with three or more qualifying children.

#### Homestead tax credit

Under current law, as created in 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, the homestead tax credit formula factors (maximum income, maximum property taxes, and income threshold) are not indexed for inflation after 2010. The bill repeals those provisions and restores former law. Under the bill, the homestead tax credit formula factors would be indexed for inflation for 2013 and beyond.

### Exclusion of capital gains

Under current law, there is an income tax exclusion for individuals, fiduciaries, members of limited liability companies and partnerships, and shareholders of tax-option corporations for 30 percent of the net long-term capital gains realized from the sale of assets held more than one year and the sale of all assets acquired from a decedent, and an exclusion for 60 percent of such gains realized from the sale of farm assets held more than one year and the sale of all farm assets acquired from a decedent.

Under this bill, the exclusion of 30 percent of such net long-term capital gains, and all assets acquired from a decedent, does not apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004. The bill does not affect the exclusion of the gains realized from the sale of farm assets held more than one year and the sale of farm assets acquired from a decedent.

Because this bill relates to an exemption from state or local taxes, it may be referred to the Joint Survey Committee on Tax Exemptions for a report to be printed as an appendix to the bill.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **SECTION 1.** 71.01 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 2 71.01 (14) "Wisconsin net operating loss" of persons other than corporations
- means "federal net operating loss" adjusted as prescribed in s. 71.05 (6) (a) and (b),

1 (7) to (12) and (19) to (21), except s. 71.05 (6) (b) 9., except that no deductions 2 allowable on schedule A for federal income tax purposes are allowable.

**SECTION 2.** 71.03 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.03 (2) (a) 1. Every individual domiciled in this state during the entire taxable year who has a gross income at or above a threshold amount which shall be determined annually by the department of revenue. The threshold amounts shall be determined for categories of individuals based on filing status and age, and shall include categories for single individuals; individuals who file as a head of household; married couples who file jointly; and married persons who file separately. The threshold amounts shall also be determined by taking into account the exemption amounts in s. 71.05 (23) (b) 1. and 3. and (be). The department of revenue shall establish a threshold amount for each category of individual at an amount at which no individual in that category whose gross income is below that amount has a state income tax liability.

SECTION 3. 71.05 (6) (a) 25. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 4.** 71.05 (6) (b) 9. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 9. On assets held more than one year and on all assets acquired from a decedent, 30 percent of the capital gain as computed under the internal revenue code, not including capital gains for which the federal tax treatment is determined under section 406 of P.L. 99–514; not including amounts treated as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes because of the recapture of depreciation or any other reason; and not including amounts treated as capital gain for federal income tax purposes from the sale or exchange of a lottery prize. For purposes of this subdivision, the capital gains and capital losses for all assets shall

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be netted before application of the percentage.	This subdivision does not apply to
taxable years that begin after December 31, 200	2013

SECTION 5. 71.05 (6) (b) 9m. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 9m. On farm assets held more than one year and on all farm assets acquired from a decedent, to the extent that they are not subtracted under subd. 9. or 10., 60 percent of the capital gain as computed under the Internal Revenue Code, not including capital gains for which the federal tax treatment is determined under section 406 of P.L. 99-514; not including amounts treated as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes because of the recapture of depreciation or any other reason; and not including amounts treated as capital gain for federal income tax purposes from the sale or exchange of a lottery prize. In this subdivision, "farm assets" means livestock, farm equipment, farm real property, and farm depreciable property. For purposes of this subdivision, the capital gains and capital losses for all assets shall be netted before application of the percentage.

**SECTION 6.** 71.05 (6) (b) 25. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 25. All gains that are not excluded from taxation under subd. 9.on business assets or 9m. on assets used in farming, including shares in a corporation or trust that meets the standards under s. 182.001 (1), or both, held more than one year, that are sold or otherwise disposed of to persons who are related to the seller or transferor by blood, marriage or adoption within the 3rd degree of kinship as determined under s. 990.001 (16), as computed under the Internal Revenue Code, not including amounts treated as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes because of the recapture of depreciation or any other reason.

SECTION 7. 71.05 (6) (b) 47. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

, as affected by 2013

Wisconsin Act 20,

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and before January 1, 2014,

71.05 (6) (b) 47. b. With respect to partners and members of limited liability companies, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, for 2 consecutive taxable years beginning with the taxable year in which the partnership's or limited liability company's business locates to this state from another state or another country and begins doing business in this state, as defined in s. 71.22 (1r), and subject to the limitations provided under subd. 47. d. and e., the partner's or member's distributive share of taxable income as calculated under section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the items of income and gain under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, including taxable state and municipal bond interest and excluding nontaxable interest income or dividend income from federal government obligations; minus the items of loss and deduction under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, except items that are not deductible under s. 71.21; plus guaranteed payments to partners under section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the credits claimed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), and (8r); and plus or minus, as appropriate, transitional adjustments, depreciation differences, and basis differences under s. 71.05 (13), (15), (16), (17), and (19), multiplied by the apportionment fraction determined in s. 71.04 (4) and subject to s. 71.04 (7) or by separate accounting. No amounts subtracted under this subd. 47. b. may be included in the modification under par. (b) 9. or 9m. SECTION 8. 71.05 (6) (b) 47. c. of the statutes is amended to read: Wisconsin AC+ 20 71.05 (6) (b) 47. c. With respect to shareholders of a tax-option corporation, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010 for 2 consecutive taxable years beginning with the taxable year in which the tax-option corporation's business locates to this state from another state or another country and begins doing business

plain January 1, 2014,

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in this state, as defined in s. 71.22 (1r), and subject to the limitations provided under subd. 47. d. and e., the shareholder's distributive share of the entity's net income or loss as determined under this chapter, including interest income from federal, state, and municipal government obligations, multiplied by the apportionment fraction determined in s. 71.25 (6m) and subject to s. 71.25 (9) or by separate accounting. No amounts subtracted under this subdivision may be included in the modification carried back against Wisconsin taxable income of the under par. (b) 9. or 9m.

SECTION 9. 71.05 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (8) (b) A Wisconsin net operating loss may be carried forward against Wisconsin taxable incomes of the next (5) axable years, if the taxpayer was subject to taxation under this chapter in the taxable year in which the loss was sustained, offset against other income of the year of loss and to the extent not offset against Wisconsin modified taxable income of any year between the loss year and the taxable year for which the loss carry-forward is claimed. In this paragraph, "Wisconsin modified taxable income" means Wisconsin taxable income with the following exceptions: a net operating loss deduction or offset for the loss year or any taxable year thereafter is not allowed, the deduction for long-term capital gains under subs. (6) (b) 9. and 9m. and (25) is not allowed, the amount deductible for losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets may not exceed the amount includable in income for gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets and "Wisconsin modified taxable income" may not be less than zero.

**Section 10.** 71.05 (23) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (23) (b) 1. A personal exemption of \$700 if the taxpayer is required to file a return under s. 71.03 (2) (a) 1. or 2. and \$700 for the taxpayer's spouse, except if the spouse is filing separately or as a head of household. The exemption under this

subdivision may not be claimed by a taxpayer who is eligible for, and claims, the
exemption under par. (be).

**Section 11.** 71.05 (23) (be) of the statutes is created to read:

71.05 (23) (be) For taxable years beginning after December 31, which a personal exemption calculated as follows if the taxpayer is required to file a return under s. 71.03 (2) (a) 1. or 2.:

- 1. For a single individual who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$12,000, an exemption of \$4,310. For a single individual who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$12,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting from \$4,310 7.52 percent of Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$12,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the single individual's Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$60,000, the individual may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the individual may claim the exemption under par. (b).
- 2. For a head of household who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$14,000, an exemption of \$4,310. For a head of household who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$14,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting from \$4,310 6.45 percent of Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$14,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the head of household's Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$70,000, the individual may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the head of household may claim the exemption under par. (b).
- 3. For a married couple filing jointly that has an aggregate Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$20,000, an exemption of \$4,310 for each spouse. For a married couple filing jointly that has an aggregate Wisconsin adjusted gross income

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of at least \$20,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting, for each spouse, from \$4,310 4.51 percent of aggregate Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$20,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the married couple's Wisconsin aggregate adjusted gross income is more than \$100,000, the couple may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the married couple may claim the exemption under par. (b).

4. For a married individual filing separately who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$10,000, an exemption of \$4,310. For a married individual filing separately who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$10,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting from \$4,310 9.03 percent of Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$10,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the individual's Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$50,000, the individual may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the individual may claim the exemption under par. (b). an investment in a qualified

**SECTION 12.** 71.05 (25) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (25) (b) (intro.) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015, for

a Wistonsin capital asset that is purchased after December 31, 2010, and held for at

least 5/years, a claimant may subtract from federal adjusted gross income the lesson/ Varount of the daimant's qualifying gain in the year to which the

of the tollowing amounts to the extent that it is not subtracted under sub. (6)

(b) 9. or 9m.()

**SECTION 13.** 71.06 (1p) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (1p) (e) On all taxable income exceeding \$225,000 but not exceeding \$1,000,000, 7.75 percent.

**Section 14.** 71.06 (1p) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

71.06 (**1p**) (f) On all taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000, 8.75 percent.

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SECTION 15. 71.06 (2) (g) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

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2	71.06 (2) (g) 5. On all taxable income exceeding \$300,000 but not exceeding
3	\$1,000,000, 7.75 percent.
4	SECTION 16. 71.06 (2) (g) 6. of the statutes is created to read:
$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$	71.06 (2) (g) 6. On all taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000, 8.75 percent.
5 6	SECTION 17. 71.06 (2) (h) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	71.06 (2) (h) 5. On all taxable income exceeding \$150,000 but not exceeding
8	<u>\$500,000</u> , 7.75 percent.
9	<b>SECTION 18.</b> 71.06 (2) (h) 6. of the statutes is created to read:
10	71.06 (2) (h) 6. On all taxable income exceeding \$500,000, 8.75 percent.
11	SECTION 19. 71.06 (2e) (b) of the statutes is amended to read.
12	N.06 (2e) (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, the
13	maximum dollar amount in each tax bracket, and the corresponding minimum dollar
14	amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1p) (d) and (e) and (2) (g) 4. and 5. and (h)
15	4. and 5., and the dollar amount in the top bracket under subs. (1p) (e) (f) and (2) (g)
16	5. 6. and (h) 5. 6., shall be increased each year by a percentage equal to the percentage
17	change between the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city
18	average, for the month of August of the previous year and the U.S. consumer price
19	index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August 2008, as

.75 percent. er 31, 2009, the g minimum dollar 4. <u>and 5.</u> and (h) ) <del>(e)</del> <u>(f)</u> and (2) (g) to the percentage sumers, U.S. city 5. consumer price August 2008, as letermined by the federal department of labor, except that for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, the adjustment may occur only if the resulting amount is greater than the corresponding amount that was calculated for the previous year. Each amount that is revised under this paragraph shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10 if the revised amount is not a multiple of \$10 or, if the revised amount is a multiple of \$5, such an amount shall be increased to the next

higher multiple of \$10. The department of revenue shall annually adjust the changes 1 in dollar amounts required under this paragraph and incorporate the changes into 2 the income tax forms and instructions. SECTION 20. 71.07 (5n) of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 21.** 71.07 (9e) (af) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 71.07 (9e) (af) (intro.) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, 6 and before January 1, 2011, any natural person may credit against the tax imposed 7 8 under s. 71.02 an amount equal to one of the following percentages of the federal basic earned income credit for which the person is eligible for the taxable year under 9 10 section 32 (b) (1) (A) to (C) of the Internal Revenue Code: 11 Section 22. 71.07 (9e) (aj) of the statutes is repealed. 12**Section 23.** 71.09 (11) (f) of the statutes is amended to read: 13

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71.09 (11) (f) The taxpayer has underpaid the taxpayer's estimated taxes due to the change in brackets under s. 71.06 (1p) (e) or (f) and (2) (g) 5. or 6. and (h) 5. or 6. This paragraph applies only in the first taxable year to which these bracket changes apply.

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SECTION 24. 71.10 (4) (cr) of the statutes is repealed.

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SECTION 25. 71.21 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

determines that the election has the effect of tax avoidance.

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**Section 26.** 71.255 (2m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 21 71.255 (2m) (d) The department may not shall disregard the tax effect of an election under this subsection, or disallow the election, with respect to any controlled

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group member or members for any year of the election period, if the department

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**SECTION 27.** 71.255 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.255 (6) (a) Except as provided in pars. (b), (bm), and (c) no tax credit,
Wisconsin net business loss carry-forward, or other post-apportionment deduction
earned by one member of the combined group, but not fully used by or allowed to that
member, may be used in whole or in part by another member of the combined group
or applied in whole or in part against the total income of the combined group. A
member of a combined group may use a carry-forward of a credit, Wisconsin net
business loss carry-forward, or other post-apportionment deduction otherwise
allowable under s. 71.26 or 71.45, that was incurred by that same member in a
taxable year beginning before January 1, 2009.

SECTION 28. 71.255 (6) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

**S**ECTION **29.** 71.26 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 30.** 71.26 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 71.26 (4) and amended to read:

71.26 (4) Except as provided in par. (b), a A corporation, except a tax-option corporation or an insurer to which s. 71.45 (4) applies, may offset against its Wisconsin net business income any Wisconsin net business loss sustained in any of the next 15 preceding taxable years, if the corporation was subject to taxation under this chapter in the taxable year in which the loss was sustained, to the extent not offset by other items of Wisconsin income in the loss year and by Wisconsin net business income of any year between the loss year and the taxable year for which an offset is claimed. For purposes of this subsection Wisconsin net business income or loss shall consist of all the income attributable to the operation of a trade or business in this state, less the business expenses allowed as deductions in computing net income. The Wisconsin net business income or loss of corporations engaged in business within and without the state shall be determined under s. 71.25 (6) and (10)

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to (12). Nonapportionable losses having a Wisconsin situs under s. $71.25$ (5) (b) shall
be included in Wisconsin net business loss; and nonapportionable income having a
Wisconsin situs under s. 71.25 (5) (b), whether taxable or exempt, shall be included
in other items of Wisconsin income and Wisconsin net business income for purposes
of this subsection.
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- **SECTION 31.** 71.26 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
- 7 Section 32. 71.28 (5n) of the statutes is repealed.
- 8 Section 33. 71.30 (3) (dn) of the statutes is repealed.
- 9 Section 34. 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes is repealed.
- Section 35. 71.36 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - 71.36 (1m) (a) A tax-option corporation may deduct from its net income all amounts included in the Wisconsin adjusted gross income of its shareholders, the capital gain deduction under s. 71.05 (6) (b) 9. and all amounts not taxable to nonresident shareholders under ss. 71.04 (1) and (4) to (9) and 71.362.
  - **SECTION 36.** 71.45 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 71.45 (4) and amended to read:
  - 71.45 (4) Except as provided in par. (b), insurers Insurers computing tax under this subchapter may subtract from Wisconsin net income any Wisconsin net business loss sustained in any of the next 15 preceding taxable years to the extent not offset by Wisconsin net business income of any year between the loss year and the taxable year for which an offset is claimed and computed without regard to sub. (2) (a) 8. and 9. and this subsection and limited to the amount of net income, but no loss incurred for a taxable year before taxable year 1987 by a nonprofit service plan of sickness care under ch. 148, or dental care under s. 447.13 may be treated as a net business loss

1	of the successor service insurer under ch. 613 operating by virtue of s. 148.03 or
2	447.13.
3	Section 37. 71.45 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 38. 71.54 (1) (f) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	71.54 (1) (f) 2001 to 2011 and thereafter. (intro.) Subject to sub. (2m), the
6	amount of any claim filed in 2001 to 2011 and thereafter and based on property taxes
7	accrued or rent constituting property taxes accrued during the previous year is
8	limited as follows:
9	Section 39. 71.54 (1) (g) of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 40. 71.54 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	71.54 (2) (b) 3. Subject to sub. (2m), in calendar years 1990 to 2010 year 1990
12	or any subsequent calendar year, \$1,450.
13	<b>SECTION 41.</b> 71.54 (2) (b) 4. of the statutes is repealed.
14	SECTION 42. 71.54 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	71.54 (2m) Indexing for inflation; 2010 <u>AND THEREAFTER</u> . (a) For calendar years
16	beginning after December 31, 2009, and before January 1, 2011, the dollar amounts
17	of the threshold income under sub. (1) (f) 1. and 2., the maximum household income
18	under sub. (1) (f) 3. and the maximum property taxes under sub. (2) (b) 3. shall be
19	increased each year by a percentage equal to the percentage change between the U.S.
20	consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the 12-month
21	average of the U.S. consumer price index for the month of August of the year before
22	the previous year through the month of July of the previous year and the U.S.
23	consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the 12-month
24	average of the U.S. consumer price index for August 2007 through July 2008, as
25	determined by the federal department of labor, except that the adjustment may occur

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only if the percentage is a positive number. Each amount that is revised under this paragraph shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10 if the revised amount is not a multiple of \$10 or, if the revised amount is a multiple of \$5, such an amount shall be increased to the next higher multiple of \$10. The department of revenue shall annually adjust the changes in dollar amounts required under this paragraph and incorporate the changes into the income tax forms and instructions.

(b) The department of revenue shall <u>annually</u> adjust the slope under sub. (1) (f) 2. such that, as a claimant's income increases from the threshold income as calculated under par. (a), to an amount that exceeds the maximum household income as calculated under par. (a), the credit that may be claimed is reduced to \$0 and the department of revenue shall incorporate the changes into the income tax forms and instructions.

SECTION 43 Initial applicability.

The treatment of section 71.255 (2m) (d) of the statutes first applies 15 retroactively to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2009.

(2) The treatment of sections 71.01 (14), 71.05 (6) (a) 25. and (b) 9m., 25., and

47. b. and c., (8) (b), and (25) (b) (intro.), (1,06/(1/2)/e) and (2)/g), 5, and 6. and

71.07 (5n), 71.09 (11) (f), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.21 (4) (b), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.28

(5n), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (m), and 71.36 (1m) (a) of the statutes first applies to

taxable years beginning on January 1, 2013

SECTION 44. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication,

except as follows:

(1) The treatment of section 71.255 (2m) (d) of the statutes and Section (1) of this act take effect retroactively to January 1, 2009.

(intro.),

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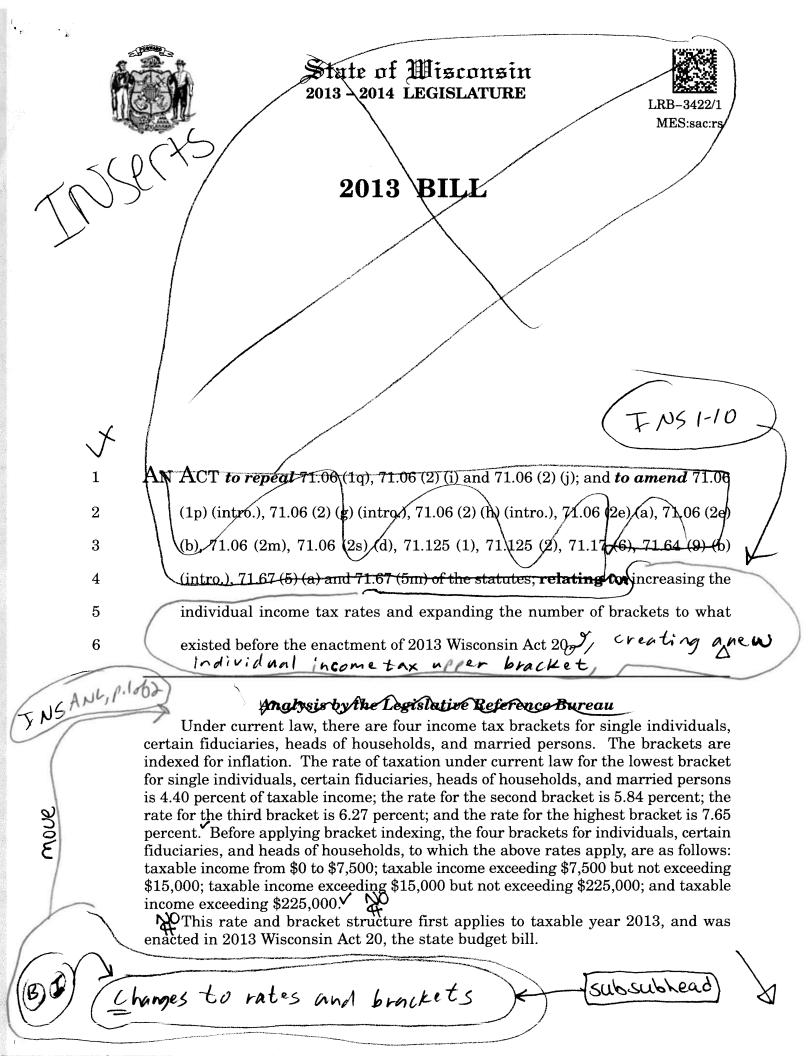
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retroactively to tear 2013

This bill repeals the changes made to the rates and brackets in 2013 Wisconsin Act 20 and, for taxable years 2013 and thereafter, restores the rates and brackets that existed before the budget bill was enacted. Under the former law, which will take effect once the bill is enacted, there are five income tax brackets for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons. The brackets are indexed for inflation. The rate of taxation under former law for the lowest bracket for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons is 4.60 percent of taxable income; the rate for the second bracket is 6.15 percent; the rate for the third bracket is 6.50 percent; the rate for the fourth bracket is 6.75 percent; and the rate for the highest bracket is 7.75 percent.

With regard to taxable year 2012, before indexing for inflation for 2013, for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, and heads of households, for example, the lowest bracket applies to taxable income of over \$0 up to \$10,570; the second bracket applies to taxable income over \$10,570 up to \$20,360; the third bracket applies to taxable income over \$20,360 up to \$158,500; the fourth bracket applies to taxable income over \$158,500 up to \$232,660; and the fifth, or top, bracket applies to taxable income over \$232,660.

For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in sepate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 71.06 (1p) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (**1p**) FIDUCIARIES, SINGLE INDIVIDUALS AND HEADS OF HOUSEHOLDS; 2001 TO 2012 AFTER 2000. (intro.) The tax to be assessed, levied and collected upon the taxable incomes of all fiduciaries, except fiduciaries of nuclear decommissioning trust or reserve funds, and single individuals and heads of households shall be computed at the following rates for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2013:

SECTION 71.06 (1q) of the statutes, as created by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

SECTION 71.06 (2) (g) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

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71.06 (2) (g) (intro.) For joint returns, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2013: (end ins 10-75)

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SECTION 4 71.06 (2) (h) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin

Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (2) (h) (intro.) For married persons filing separately, for taxable years

beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2013:

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SECTION 71.06 (2) (i) of the statutes, as created by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

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Section 5. 71.06 (2) (j) of the statutes, as created by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

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SECTION 71.06 (2e) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

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71.06 (2e) (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2000, the maximum dollar amount in each tax bracket, and the corresponding minimum dollar amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1m) and (2) (c) and (d), and for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, the maximum dollar amount in each tax bracket, and the corresponding minimum dollar amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1n), (1p) (a) to (c),  $\frac{\sqrt{(1q)}}{(a)}$  and  $\frac{\sqrt{(2)}}{(a)}$  and (2) (e), (f), (g) 1. to 3., and (h) 1. to 3., (i) 1. and 2., and (j) 1. and 2., shall be increased each year by a percentage equal to the percentage change between the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August of the previous year and the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August 1997, as determined by the federal department of labor, except that for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2002, the dollar amount in the top bracket under subs. (1p) (c) and (d), (2) (g) 3.

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and 4. and (h) 3. and 4. shall be increased by a percentage equal to the percentage change between the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August of the previous year and the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August 1999, as determined by the federal department of labor, except that for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, the adjustment may occur only if the resulting amount is greater than the corresponding amount that was calculated for the previous year.

SECTION 71.06 (2e) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1p) (d), (1q) (e), and (2) (g) 4., and (h) 4., (i)

3., and (j) 3., and the dollar amount in the top bracket under subs. (1p) (e), (1q) (e), (1q)

SECTION 71.06 (2m) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

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71.06 (2m) RATE CHANGES. If a rate under sub. (1), (1m), (1n), (1p), (1q), or (2) changes during a taxable year, the taxpayer shall compute the tax for that taxable year by the methods applicable to the federal income tax under section 15 of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 71.06 (2s) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (2s) (d) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, with respect to nonresident individuals, including individuals changing their domicile into or from this state, the tax brackets under subs. (1p), (1q), and (2) (g), and (h), (i), and (i) shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is Wisconsin adjusted gross income and the denominator of which is federal adjusted gross income. In this paragraph, for married persons filing separately "adjusted gross income" means the separate adjusted gross income of each spouse, and for married persons filing jointly "adjusted gross income" means the total adjusted gross income of both spouses. If an individual and that individual's spouse are not both domiciled in this state during the entire taxable year, the tax brackets under subs. (1p), (1q), and (2) (g), and (h), (i), and (i) on a joint return shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is their joint Wisconsin adjusted gross income and the denominator of which is their joint federal adjusted gross income.

SECTION 1.125 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.125 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the tax imposed by this chapter on individuals and the rates under s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), (1p), (1q), and (2) shall apply to the Wisconsin taxable income of estates or trusts, except nuclear decommissioning trust or reserve funds, and that tax shall be paid by the fiduciary.

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SECTION 12. 71.125 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.125 (2) Each electing small business trust, as defined in section 1361 (e) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code, is subject to tax at the highest rate under s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q), whichever taxable year is applicable, on its income as computed under section 641 of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by s. 71.05 (6) to (12), (19) and (20).

SECTION 13. 71.17 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.17 (6) FUNERAL TRUSTS. If a qualified funeral trust makes the election under section 685 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes, that election applies for purposes of this chapter and each trust shall compute its own tax and shall apply the rates under s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q).

SECTION 14. 71.64 (9) (b) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.64 (9) (b) (intro.) The department shall from time to time adjust the withholding tables to reflect any changes in income tax rates, any applicable surtax or any changes in dollar amounts in s. 71.06(1), (1m), (1n), (1p), (1q), and (2) resulting from statutory changes, except as follows:

SECTION 15, 71.67 (5) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.67 (5) (a) Wager winnings. A person holding a license to sponsor and manage races under s. 562.05 (1) (b) or (c) shall withhold from the amount of any payment of pari-mutuel winnings under s. 562.065 (3) (a) or (3m) (a) an amount determined by multiplying the amount of the payment by the highest rate applicable



to individuals under s. 71.06 (1) (a) to (c), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q) if the amount of the payment is more than \$1,000.

SECTION 71.67 (5m) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.67 (5m) WITHHOLDING FROM PAYMENTS TO PURCHASE ASSIGNMENT OF LOTTERY PRIZE. A person that purchases an assignment of a lottery prize shall withhold from the amount of any payment made to purchase the assignment the amount that is determined by multiplying the amount of the payment by the highest rate applicable to individuals under s. 71.06 (1) (a) to (c), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q). Subsection (5) (b), (c) and (d), as it applies to the amounts withheld under sub. (5) (a), applies to the amount withheld under this subsection.

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(END) of one of 16-13

### Shovers, Marc

From:

Walsh, Patrick

Sent:

Tuesday, February 18, 2014 10:40 AM

To:

Shovers, Marc

Subject:

RE: Tax rate changes for LRB 3911

Please apply it retroactively to 2013 as it is in the current version.

Thanks.

Patrick Walsh Legislative Aide Representative Chris Taylor (608) 266-5343

From: Shovers, Marc

Sent: Monday, February 17, 2014 4:17 PM

To: Walsh, Patrick

**Subject:** RE: Tax rate changes for LRB 3911

Hi Patrick:

I received your voicemail from earlier today. I haven't gotten to this yet, but I should be able to get to it this week, depending on what's needed for the floor.

Did you want these new rates and brackets to first apply to taxable year 2014, or retroactively to 2013 as is the case in the current version of the bill. Thanks.

Marc

From: Walsh, Patrick

Sent: Thursday, January 30, 2014 11:51 AM

To: Shovers, Marc

Subject: Tax rate changes for LRB 3911

Mark, attached are the tax rate changes we discussed on the phone.

Thank you.

Patrick Walsh Legislative Aide Representative Chris Taylor (608) 266-5343



Filing Status	Taxable Incon	ne (tax year 2012)	Tax Rate
	At Least	But Less Than	
Single, Head of	\$0	\$10,570	4.0%
House Hold			
	\$10,570	\$21,130	5.84%
	\$21,130	\$158,500	6.27%
	\$158,500	\$232,660	6.75%
	\$232,660	and over	7.75%
Married, Filing Jointly	\$0	\$14,090	4.0%
	\$14,090	\$28,180	5.84%
	\$28,180	\$211,330	6.27%
	\$211,210	\$310,210	6.75%
	\$310,000	and over	7.75%
Married, Filing Separately	\$0	\$7,040	4.0%
	\$7,040	\$14,090	5.84%
	\$14,090	\$105,660	6.27%
	\$105,660	\$155,110	6.75%
	\$155,110	and over	7.75%

The taxable incomes do not reflect indexing for inflation for the 2013 tax year.



# State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



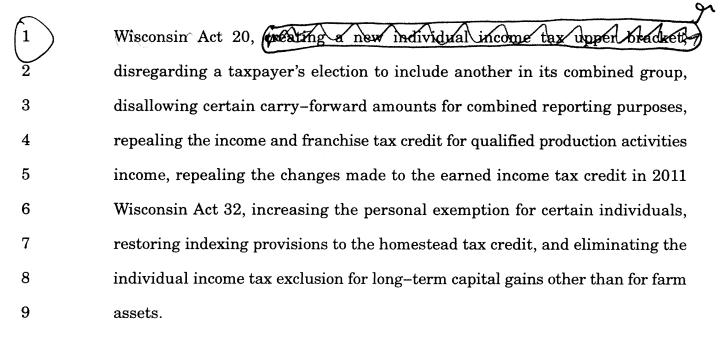
## **2013 BILL**



(romin)

X

AN ACT to repeal 71.05 (6) (a) 25., 71.06 (1q), 71.06 (2) (i), 71.06 (2) (j), 71.07 (5n), 71.07 (9e) (aj), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.21 (4) (b), 71.255 (6) (bm), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.26 (4) (b), 71.28 (5n), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (m), 71.45 (4) (b), 71.54 (1) (g) and 71.54 (2) (b) 4.; to renumber and amend 71.26 (4) (a) and 71.45 (4) (a); to amend 71.01 (14), 71.03 (2) (a) 1., 71.05 (6) (b) 9., 71.05 (6) (b) 9m., 71.05 (6) (b) 25., 71.05 (6) (b) 47. b., 71.05 (6) (b) 47. c., 71.05 (8) (b), 71.05 (23) (b) 1., 71.05 (25) (b), 71.06 (1p) (intro.), 71.06 (1p) (e), 71.06 (2) (g) (intro.), 71.06 (2) (g) 5., 71.06 (2s) (d), 71.07 (9e) (af) (intro.), 71.06 (2e) (a), 71.06 (2e) (b), 71.125 (2), 71.17 (6), 71.255 (2m) (d), 71.255 (6) (a), 71.36 (1m) (a), 71.54 (1) (f) (intro.), 71.54 (2) (b) 3., 71.54 (2m), 71.64 (9) (b) (intro.), 71.67 (5) (a) and 71.67 (5m); and to create 71.05 (23) (be), 71.06 (1p) (f), 71.06 (2) (g) 6. and 71.06 (2) (h) 6. of the statutes; relating to: increasing individual income tax rates and expanding the number of brackets to what existed before the enactment of 2013



### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

### Combined reporting

Under current law, a taxpayer may elect to include in its combined group, for income and franchise tax reporting purposes, every corporation in its commonly controlled group, regardless of whether such corporations are engaged in the same unitary business of the taxpayer. Under current law, the Department of Revenue (DOR) may not disallow such an election, or disregard its effect. Under this bill, if DOR determines that such an election has the effect of tax avoidance, DOR must disregard the election's tax effect or disallow the election.

Under current law, for each taxable year that a corporation that is a member of a combined group has net business loss carry-forward from a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2009, the corporation may, for 20 taxable years, use up to 5 percent of the net business loss carry-forward to offset the income of all other members of the combined group. The bill eliminates this provision.

## Qualified production activities income credit

Under the federal Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer may claim a deduction equal to 9 percent of the taxpayer's qualified production activities income in the taxable year or 9 percent of the taxpayer's total taxable income, whichever is less. For federal tax purposes, qualified production activities income is, generally, the amount of the taxpayer's domestic production gross receipts that exceed the sum of the cost of goods sold and other expenses, losses, or deductions. Domestic production gross receipts are, generally, gross receipts derived from property that was manufactured, produced, grown, or extracted in the United States.

Under current law, an individual taxpayer may claim a state income tax credit equal to the taxpayer's qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property and agricultural property, multiplied by a certain percentage. A corporation or insurer may claim a state income and franchise tax

bill

### **BILL**

credit equal to the lesser of its taxable income apportioned to this state or its qualified production activities income derived from manufacturing property or agricultural property located in this state, multiplied by a certain percentage. The percentage of qualified production activities income that a taxpayer may claim as a credit is 1.875 percent for 2013, 3.75 percent for 2014, 5.526 percent for 2015, and 7.5 percent for 2016 and for each year thereafter.

The bill eliminates the tax credit for qualified production activities income.

### Changes to rates and brackets

Under current law, there are four income tax brackets for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons. The brackets are indexed for inflation. The rate of taxation under current law for the lowest bracket for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons is 4.40 percent of taxable income; the rate for the second bracket is 5.84 percent; the rate for the third bracket is 6.27 percent; and the rate for the highest bracket is 7.65 percent. Before applying bracket indexing, the four brackets for individuals, certain fiduciaries, and heads of households, to which the above rates apply, are as follows: taxable income from \$0 to \$7,500; taxable income exceeding \$7,500 but not exceeding \$15,000; taxable income exceeding \$15,000 but not exceeding \$225,000; and taxable income exceeding \$225,000. This rate and bracket structure first applies to taxable year 2013, and was enacted in 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, the state budget bill.

This bill repeals the changes made to the rates and brackets in 2013 Wisconsin Act 20 and, for taxable years 2013 and thereafter, restores and brackets that existed before the budget bill was enacted. Under the former law which will take effect retroactively to taxable year 2013 once the bill is enacted, there are five twis income tax brackets for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons. The brackets are indexed for inflation. The rate of taxation under former law for the lowest bracket for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, heads of households, and married persons is 4.60 percent of taxable income; the rate for the second bracket is 6.15 percent; the rate for the third bracket is 6.50 percent; the rate for the fourth bracket is 6.75 percent; and the rate for the highest bracket is 7.75 percent. Ihis bill lowers the rates of taxation forthe Blowest

With regard to taxable year 2012, before indexing for inflation for 2013, for single individuals, certain fiduciaries, and heads of households, for example, the lowest bracket applies to taxable income of over \$0 up to \$10,570; the second bracket applies to taxable income over \$10,570 up to \$20,360; the third bracket applies to taxable income over \$20,360 up to \$158,500; the fourth bracket applies to taxable income over \$158,500 up to \$232,660; and the fifth, or top, bracket applies to taxable income over \$232,660.

Upper income tax bracket

For taxable year 2013 and thereafter, this bill creates a sixth bracket with a taxation rate of 8.75 percent. For single individuals, certain fiduciaries, and heads of households, this bracket applies to taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000. For married persons, this bracket applies to taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000 for joint filers and \$500,000 for separate filers. This bracket is indexed for inflation

brackeds to 4.0 percent, 5.84 percent, and 6.27 percent.

#### Personal exemptions

Under current law, an individual income tax personal exemption exists in the amount of \$700 for each taxpayer who is required to file an income tax return and \$700 for the taxpayer's spouse, except if the spouse is filing separately or as a head of household. A taxpayer may also claim a \$700 exemption for each dependent for whom he or she is entitled to claim an exemption under the Internal Revenue Code. In general, an additional exemption of \$250 may be claimed by a taxpayer, and spouse, who has reached the age of 65 before the close of the taxable year to which his or her tax return relates.

This bill increases the personal exemption amount for certain taxpayers starting with taxable year 2014. Under the bill, if a single individual has Wisconsin adjusted gross income (WAGI) of less than \$12,000, his or her personal exemption is \$4,310. The personal exemption amount for such an individual phases down to approximately \$700 as his or her WAGI increases from \$12,000 to the maximum income threshold of \$60,000. If such an individual's WAGI is more than the maximum income threshold, the individual calculates his or her exemption under current law.

Similarly under the bill, the personal exemption amount for a head of household, a married couple filing jointly, and a married individual filing separately are all increased to \$4,310 per person for those whose WAGI, or joint WAGI in the case of a married couple filing jointly, is less than \$14,000 (head of household), \$20,000 (married joint), or \$10,000 (married separate). The exemption amount phases down to approximately \$700 (\$1,400 for a married couple filing jointly) as WAGI increases to the maximum income threshold, which is \$70,000 (head of household), \$100,000 (married joint), or \$50,000 (married separate). If a taxpayer's WAGI is more than the maximum income threshold, the taxpayer calculates his or her, or the couple's, exemption under current law. The bill does not make any change to the current law exemption provisions for dependents or individuals who are age 65 or above.

### Earned income tax credit

Under current law, as created in 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, the earned income tax credit (EITC) is reduced for claimants with two or more qualifying children. The bill repeals those provisions and restores former law. Under the bill, the EITC, as a percentage of the federal credit, would be 4 percent for claimants with one qualifying child, 14 percent for claimants with two qualifying children, and 43 percent for claimants with three or more qualifying children.

#### Homestead tax credit

Under current law, as created in 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, the homestead tax credit formula factors (maximum income, maximum property taxes, and income threshold) are not indexed for inflation after 2010. The bill repeals those provisions and restores former law. Under the bill, the homestead tax credit formula factors would be indexed for inflation for 2013 and beyond.

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#### Exclusion of capital gains

Under current law, there is an income tax exclusion for individuals, fiduciaries, members of limited liability companies and partnerships, and shareholders of tax-option corporations for 30 percent of the net long-term capital gains realized from the sale of assets held more than one year and the sale of all assets acquired from a decedent, and an exclusion for 60 percent of such gains realized from the sale of farm assets held more than one year and the sale of all farm assets acquired from a decedent.

Under this bill, the exclusion of 30 percent of such net long-term capital gains, and all assets acquired from a decedent, does not apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013. The bill does not affect the exclusion of the gains realized from the sale of farm assets held more than one year and the sale of farm assets acquired from a decedent.

Because this bill relates to an exemption from state or local taxes, it may be referred to the Joint Survey Committee on Tax Exemptions for a report to be printed as an appendix to the bill.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 71.01 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.01 (14) "Wisconsin net operating loss" of persons other than corporations means "federal net operating loss" adjusted as prescribed in s. 71.05 (6) (a) and (b), (7) to (12) and (19) to (21), except s. 71.05 (6) (b) 9., except that no deductions allowable on schedule A for federal income tax purposes are allowable.

SECTION 2. 71.03 (2) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.03 (2) (a) 1. Every individual domiciled in this state during the entire taxable year who has a gross income at or above a threshold amount which shall be determined annually by the department of revenue. The threshold amounts shall be determined for categories of individuals based on filing status and age, and shall include categories for single individuals; individuals who file as a head of household; married couples who file jointly; and married persons who file separately. The

threshold amounts shall also be determined by taking into account the exemption amounts in s. 71.05 (23) (b) 1. and 3. and (be). The department of revenue shall establish a threshold amount for each category of individual at an amount at which no individual in that category whose gross income is below that amount has a state income tax liability.

**SECTION 3.** 71.05 (6) (a) 25. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 4.** 71.05 (6) (b) 9. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 9. On assets held more than one year and on all assets acquired from a decedent, 30 percent of the capital gain as computed under the internal revenue code, not including capital gains for which the federal tax treatment is determined under section 406 of P.L. 99–514; not including amounts treated as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes because of the recapture of depreciation or any other reason; and not including amounts treated as capital gain for federal income tax purposes from the sale or exchange of a lottery prize. For purposes of this subdivision, the capital gains and capital losses for all assets shall be netted before application of the percentage. This subdivision does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2013.

**SECTION 5.** 71.05 (6) (b) 9m. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 9m. On farm assets held more than one year and on all farm assets acquired from a decedent, to the extent that they are not subtracted under subd. 9. or 10., 60 percent of the capital gain as computed under the Internal Revenue Code, not including capital gains for which the federal tax treatment is determined under section 406 of P.L. 99–514; not including amounts treated as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes because of the recapture of depreciation or any other reason; and not including amounts treated as capital gain for federal income tax

purposes from the sale or exchange of a lottery prize. In this subdivision, "farm assets" means livestock, farm equipment, farm real property, and farm depreciable property. For purposes of this subdivision, the capital gains and capital losses for all assets shall be netted before application of the percentage.

**SECTION 6.** 71.05 (6) (b) 25. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 25. All gains that are not excluded from taxation under subd. 9., on business assets or 9m. on assets used in farming, including shares in a corporation or trust that meets the standards under s. 182.001 (1), or both, held more than one year, that are sold or otherwise disposed of to persons who are related to the seller or transferor by blood, marriage or adoption within the 3rd degree of kinship as determined under s. 990.001 (16), as computed under the Internal Revenue Code, not including amounts treated as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes because of the recapture of depreciation or any other reason.

SECTION 7. 71.05 (6) (b) 47. b. of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 47. b. With respect to partners and members of limited liability companies, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2014, for 2 consecutive taxable years beginning with the taxable year in which the partnership's or limited liability company's business locates to this state from another state or another country and begins doing business in this state, as defined in s. 71.22 (1r), and subject to the limitations provided under subd. 47. d. and e., the partner's or member's distributive share of taxable income as calculated under section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the items of income and gain under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, including taxable state and municipal bond interest and excluding nontaxable interest income or dividend income from

federal government obligations; minus the items of loss and deduction under section 756702 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, except items that are not deductible under s. 71.21; plus guaranteed payments to partners under section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the credits claimed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), and (8r); and plus or minus, as appropriate, transitional adjustments, depreciation differences, and basis differences under s. 71.05 (13), (15), (16), (17), and (19), multiplied by the apportionment fraction determined in s. 71.04 (4) and subject to s. 71.04 (7) or by separate accounting. No amounts subtracted under this subd. 47. b. may be included in the modification under par. (b) 9. or 9m.

SECTION 8. 71.05 (6) (b) 47. c. of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (b) 47. c. With respect to shareholders of a tax-option corporation, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2014, for 2 consecutive taxable years beginning with the taxable year in which the tax-option corporation's business locates to this state from another state or another country and begins doing business in this state, as defined in s. 71.22 (1r), and subject to the limitations provided under subd. 47. d. and e., the shareholder's distributive share of the entity's net income or loss as determined under this chapter, including interest income from federal, state, and municipal government obligations, multiplied by the apportionment fraction determined in s. 71.25 (6m) and subject to s. 71.25 (9) or by separate accounting. No amounts subtracted under this subdivision may be included in the modification under par. (b) 9.-or 9m.

SECTION 9. 71.05 (8) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.05 (8) (b) A Wisconsin net operating loss may be carried back against Wisconsin taxable income of the previous 2 years and then carried forward against Wisconsin taxable incomes of the next 20 taxable years, if the taxpayer was subject to taxation under this chapter in the taxable year in which the loss was sustained, to the extent not offset against other income of the year of loss and to the extent not offset against Wisconsin modified taxable income of the 2 years preceding the loss and of any year between the loss year and the taxable year for which the loss carry-forward is claimed. In this paragraph, "Wisconsin modified taxable income" means Wisconsin taxable income with the following exceptions: a net operating loss deduction or offset for the loss year or any taxable year before or thereafter is not allowed, the deduction for long-term capital gains under subs. (6) (b) 9- and 9m. and (25) is not allowed, the amount deductible for losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets may not exceed the amount includable in income for gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets and "Wisconsin modified taxable income" may not be less than zero.

**SECTION 10.** 71.05 (23) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.05 (23) (b) 1. A personal exemption of \$700 if the taxpayer is required to file a return under s. 71.03 (2) (a) 1. or 2. and \$700 for the taxpayer's spouse, except if the spouse is filing separately or as a head of household. The exemption under this subdivision may not be claimed by a taxpayer who is eligible for, and claims, the exemption under par. (be).

**Section 11.** 71.05 (23) (be) of the statutes is created to read:

- 71.05 (23) (be) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, a personal exemption calculated as follows if the taxpayer is required to file a return under s. 71.03 (2) (a) 1. or 2.:
- 1. For a single individual who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$12,000, an exemption of \$4,310. For a single individual who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$12,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting from \$4,310 7.52 percent of Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$12,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the single individual's Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$60,000, the individual may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the individual may claim the exemption under par. (b).
- 2. For a head of household who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$14,000, an exemption of \$4,310. For a head of household who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$14,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting from \$4,310 6.45 percent of Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$14,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the head of household's Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$70,000, the individual may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the head of household may claim the exemption under par. (b).
- 3. For a married couple filing jointly that has an aggregate Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$20,000, an exemption of \$4,310 for each spouse. For a married couple filing jointly that has an aggregate Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$20,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting, for each spouse, from \$4,310 4.51 percent of aggregate Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$20,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the married couple's Wisconsin

aggregate adjusted gross income is more than \$100,000, the couple may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the married couple may claim the exemption under par. (b).

- 4. For a married individual filing separately who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of less than \$10,000, an exemption of \$4,310. For a married individual filing separately who has a Wisconsin adjusted gross income of at least \$10,000, the exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting from \$4,310 9.03 percent of Wisconsin adjusted gross income in excess of \$10,000 but not less than \$0, except that if the individual's Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$50,000, the individual may not claim the exemption under this paragraph but the individual may claim the exemption under par. (b).
- SECTION 12. 71.05 (25) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:
- 71.05 (25) (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015, for an investment in a qualified Wisconsin business made after December 31, 2010, and held for at least 5 uninterrupted years, a claimant may subtract from federal adjusted gross income the amount of the claimant's qualifying gain in the year to which the claim relates, to the extent that it is not subtracted under sub. (6) (b) 9. or 9m.
- SECTION 13. 71.06 (1p) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:
- 71.06 (1p) FIDUCIARIES, SINGLE INDIVIDUALS AND HEADS OF HOUSEHOLDS; 2001 TO 2012 AFTER 2000. (intro.) The tax to be assessed, levied and collected upon the taxable incomes of all fiduciaries, except fiduciaries of nuclear decommissioning trust or reserve funds, and single individuals and heads of households shall be computed at

the following rates for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before 1 January 1, 2013: SECTION 14. 71.06 (1p) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 71.06 (1p) (e) On all taxable income exceeding \$225,000 but not exceeding 4 5 \$1,000,000, 7.75 percent. SECTION 15. 71.06 (1p) (f) of the statutes is created to read: 6 71.06 (1p) (f) On all taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000, 8.75 percent, 7 SECTION 16. 71.06 (1q) of the statutes, as created by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is 8 9 repealed. SECTION 17. 71.06 (2) (g) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin 10 11 Act 20, is amended to read: 71.06 (2) (g) (intro.) For joint returns, for taxable years beginning after 12 December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2013: Section 18. 71.06 (2) (g) 5. of the statutes is amended to read: 71.06 (2) (g) 5. On all taxable income exceeding \$300,000 but not exceeding 16 \$1,000,000, 7.75 percent. SECTION 19, 71.06 (2) (g) 6. of the statutes is created to read: 17 71.96 (2) (g) 6. On all taxable income exceeding \$1,000,000, 8.75 percent 18 Section 20. 71.06 (2) (h) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin 19 20 Act 20, is amended to read: 21, 71.06 (2) (h) (intro.) For married persons filing separately, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2013: SECTION 21. 71.00 (2) (h) 5. of the statutes is amended to read 71.06 (2) (h) 5. On all taxable income exceeding \$150,000 but not exceeding 24\$500,000, 7.75 percent. 25

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١	71,08 (2) (h) 6.	On all taxable	income excee	eding \$500.00	0.8.75	perkent.
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SECTION 23. 71.06 (2) (i) of the statutes, as created by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

**SECTION 24.** 71.06 (2) (j) of the statutes, as created by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

SECTION 25. 71.06 (2e) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (2e) (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2000, the maximum dollar amount in each tax bracket, and the corresponding minimum dollar amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1m) and (2) (c) and (d), and for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, the maximum dollar amount in each tax bracket, and the corresponding minimum dollar amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1n), (1p) (a) to (c), (1q) (a) and (b), and (2) (e), (f), (g) 1. to 3., and (h) 1. to 3., (i) 1. and 2., and (j) 1. and 2., shall be increased each year by a percentage equal to the percentage change between the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August of the previous year and the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August 1997, as determined by the federal department of labor, except that for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2002, the dollar amount in the top bracket under subs. (1p) (c) and (d), (2) (g) 3. and 4. and (h) 3. and 4. shall be increased by a percentage equal to the percentage change between the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August of the previous year and the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the month of August 1999, as

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determined by the federal department of labor, except that for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, the adjustment may occur only if the resulting amount is greater than the corresponding amount that was calculated for the previous year.

SECTION 26. 71.06 (2e) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (2e) (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, the maximum dollar amount in each tax bracket, and the corresponding minimum dollar amount in the next bracket, under subs. (1p) (d), (1q) (e), (1q) (e), (1q) (d) and (2) (g) 4., and (1) 3., and (1) 3., and (2) (g) 5, (1) 4., and (1) 4. (1) 4

SECTION 27. 71.06 (2m) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (2m) RATE CHANGES. If a rate under sub. (1), (1m), (1n), (1p), (1q), or (2) changes during a taxable year, the taxpayer shall compute the tax for that taxable year by the methods applicable to the federal income tax under section 15 of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 28. 71.06 (2s) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.06 (2s) (d) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, with respect to nonresident individuals, including individuals changing their domicile into or from this state, the tax brackets under subs. (1p), (1q), and (2) (g), and (h), (i), and (j) shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is Wisconsin adjusted gross income and the denominator of which is federal adjusted gross income. In this paragraph, for married persons filing separately "adjusted gross income" means the separate adjusted gross income of each spouse, and for married persons filing jointly "adjusted gross income" means the total adjusted gross income of both spouses. If an individual and that individual's spouse are not both domiciled in this state during the entire taxable year, the tax brackets under subs. (1p), (1q), and (2) (g), and (h), (i), and (i) on a joint return shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is their joint Wisconsin adjusted gross income and the denominator of which is their joint federal adjusted gross income.

SECTION 29. 71.07 (5n) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 54, is repealed.

SECTION 30. 71.07 (9e) (af) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.07 (9e) (af) (intro.) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, and before January 1, 2011, any natural person may credit against the tax imposed under s. 71.02 an amount equal to one of the following percentages of the federal basic earned income credit for which the person is eligible for the taxable year under section 32 (b) (1) (A) to (C) of the Internal Revenue Code:

Section 31. 71.07 (9e) (aj) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 32. 71.09 (11) (f) of the statutes is amended to real

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	71.09 (11) (f) The taxpayer has underpaid the taxpayer's estimated taxes due
to th	e change in brackets under s. 71.06 (1p) (e) <u>or (f)</u> and (2) (g) 5. <u>or 6.</u> and (h) 5. <u>or</u>
<u>6.</u> 7	his paragraph applies only in the first taxable year to which these bracket
char	ges apply.

**SECTION 33.** 71.10 (4) (cr) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 34.** 71.125 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.125 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the tax imposed by this chapter on individuals and the rates under s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), (1p), (1q), and (2) shall apply to the Wisconsin taxable income of estates or trusts, except nuclear decommissioning trust or reserve funds, and that tax shall be paid by the fiduciary.

SECTION 35. 71.125 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.125 (2) Each electing small business trust, as defined in section 1361 (e) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code, is subject to tax at the highest rate under s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q), whichever taxable year is applicable, on its income as computed under section 641 of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by s. 71.05 (6) to (12), (19) and (20).

**SECTION 36.** 71.17 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.17 (6) FUNERAL TRUSTS. If a qualified funeral trust makes the election under section 685 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes, that election applies for purposes of this chapter and each trust shall compute its own tax and shall apply the rates under s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q).

**Section 37.** 71.21(4)(b) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 38.** 71.255 (2m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.255 (2m) (d) The department may not shall disregard the tax effect of an election under this subsection, or disallow the election, with respect to any controlled group member or members for any year of the election period, if the department determines that the election has the effect of tax avoidance.

**SECTION 39.** 71.255 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.255 (6) (a) Except as provided in pars. (b), (bm), and (c) no tax credit, Wisconsin net business loss carry-forward, or other post-apportionment deduction earned by one member of the combined group, but not fully used by or allowed to that member, may be used in whole or in part by another member of the combined group or applied in whole or in part against the total income of the combined group. A member of a combined group may use a carry-forward of a credit, Wisconsin net business loss carry-forward, or other post-apportionment deduction otherwise allowable under s. 71.26 or 71.45, that was incurred by that same member in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2009.

**SECTION 40.** 71.255 (6) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 41.** 71.26 (2) (a) 11. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 42.** 71.26 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 71.26 (4) and amended to read:

71.26 (4) Except as provided in par. (b), a A corporation, except a tax-option corporation or an insurer to which s. 71.45 (4) applies, may offset against its Wisconsin net business income any Wisconsin net business loss sustained in any of the next 15 preceding taxable years, if the corporation was subject to taxation under this chapter in the taxable year in which the loss was sustained, to the extent not offset by other items of Wisconsin income in the loss year and by Wisconsin net

business income of any year between the loss year and the taxable year for which an offset is claimed. For purposes of this subsection Wisconsin net business income or loss shall consist of all the income attributable to the operation of a trade or business in this state, less the business expenses allowed as deductions in computing net income. The Wisconsin net business income or loss of corporations engaged in business within and without the state shall be determined under s. 71.25 (6) and (10) to (12). Nonapportionable losses having a Wisconsin situs under s. 71.25 (5) (b) shall be included in Wisconsin net business loss; and nonapportionable income having a Wisconsin situs under s. 71.25 (5) (b), whether taxable or exempt, shall be included in other items of Wisconsin income and Wisconsin net business income for purposes of this subsection.

SECTION 43. 71.26 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 44. 71.28 (5n) of the statutes is repealed.

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**SECTION 45.** 71.30 (3) (dn) of the statutes is repealed.

Section 46. 71.34 (1k) (m) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 47.** 71.36 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.36 (1m) (a) A tax-option corporation may deduct from its net income all amounts included in the Wisconsin adjusted gross income of its shareholders, the capital gain deduction under s. 71.05 (6) (b) 9. and all amounts not taxable to nonresident shareholders under ss. 71.04 (1) and (4) to (9) and 71.362.

**SECTION 48.** 71.45 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 71.45 (4) and amended to read:

71.45 (4) Except as provided in par. (b), insurers Insurers computing tax under this subchapter may subtract from Wisconsin net income any Wisconsin net business loss sustained in any of the next 15 preceding taxable years to the extent not offset

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- by Wisconsin net business income of any year between the loss year and the taxable year for which an offset is claimed and computed without regard to sub. (2) (a) 8. and 9. and this subsection and limited to the amount of net income, but no loss incurred for a taxable year before taxable year 1987 by a nonprofit service plan of sickness care under ch. 148, or dental care under s. 447.13 may be treated as a net business loss of the successor service insurer under ch. 613 operating by virtue of s. 148.03 or 447.13.
- **SECTION 49.** 71.45 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
- 9 Section 50. 71.54 (1) (f) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 71.54 (1) (f) 2001 to 2011 and thereafter. (intro.) Subject to sub. (2m), the amount of any claim filed in 2001 to 2011 and thereafter and based on property taxes accrued or rent constituting property taxes accrued during the previous year is limited as follows:
- 14 Section 51. 71.54 (1) (g) of the statutes is repealed.
- **SECTION 52.** 71.54 (2) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 16 71.54 (2) (b) 3. Subject to sub. (2m), in calendar <del>years 1990 to 2010 year 1990</del>

  or any subsequent calendar year, \$1,450.
- 18 **Section 53.** 71.54 (2) (b) 4. of the statutes is repealed.
- 19 **SECTION 54.** 71.54 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - 71.54 (2m) INDEXING FOR INFLATION; 2010 AND THEREAFTER. (a) For calendar years beginning after December 31, 2009, and before January 1, 2011, the dollar amounts of the threshold income under sub. (1) (f) 1. and 2., the maximum household income under sub. (1) (f) 3. and the maximum property taxes under sub. (2) (b) 3. shall be increased each year by a percentage equal to the percentage change between the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the 12-month

average of the U.S. consumer price index for the month of August of the year before
the previous year through the month of July of the previous year and the U.S.
consumer price index for all urban consumers, U.S. city average, for the 12-month
average of the U.S. consumer price index for August 2007 through July 2008, as
determined by the federal department of labor, except that the adjustment may occur
only if the percentage is a positive number. Each amount that is revised under this
paragraph shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10 if the revised amount is
not a multiple of \$10 or, if the revised amount is a multiple of \$5, such an amount
shall be increased to the next higher multiple of \$10. The department of revenue
shall annually adjust the changes in dollar amounts required under this paragraph
and incorporate the changes into the income tax forms and instructions.

(b) The department of revenue shall <u>annually</u> adjust the slope under sub. (1) (f) 2. such that, as a claimant's income increases from the threshold income as calculated under par. (a), to an amount that exceeds the maximum household income as calculated under par. (a), the credit that may be claimed is reduced to \$0 and the department of revenue shall incorporate the changes into the income tax forms and instructions.

SECTION 55. 71.64 (9) (b) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

71.64 (9) (b) (intro.) The department shall from time to time adjust the withholding tables to reflect any changes in income tax rates, any applicable surtax or any changes in dollar amounts in s. 71.06 (1), (1m), (1n), (1p), (1q), and (2) resulting from statutory changes, except as follows:

SECTION 56. 71.67 (5) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

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71.67 (5) (a) Wager winnings. A person holding a license to sponsor and manage races under s. 562.05 (1) (b) or (c) shall withhold from the amount of any payment of pari-mutuel winnings under s. 562.065 (3) (a) or (3m) (a) an amount determined by multiplying the amount of the payment by the highest rate applicable to individuals under s. 71.06(1) (a) to (c), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q) if the amount of the payment is more than \$1,000. SECTION 57. 71.67 (5m) of the statutes, as affected by 2013 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read: 71.67 (5m) WITHHOLDING FROM PAYMENTS TO PURCHASE ASSIGNMENT OF LOTTERY PRIZE. A person that purchases an assignment of a lottery prize shall withhold from the amount of any payment made to purchase the assignment the amount that is determined by multiplying the amount of the payment by the highest rate applicable to individuals under s. 71.06 (1) (a) to (c), (1m), (1n), or (1p), or (1q). Subsection (5) (b), (c) and (d), as it applies to the amounts withheld under sub. (5) (a), applies to the amount withheld under this subsection. SECTION 58. Initial applicability. (1) The treatment of section 71.255 (2m) (d) of the statutes first applies retroactively to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2009. (2) The treatment of sections 71.01 (14), 71.05 (6) (a) 25. and (b) 9m., 25., and 47. b. and c., (8) (b), and (25) (b) (intro.), 71.07 (5n), (71.09 (11) (f), 71.10 (4) (cr), 71.21 (4) (b), 71.26 (2) (a) 11., 71.28 (5n), 71.30 (3) (dn), 71.34 (1k) (m), and 71.36 (1m) (a) of the statutes first applies to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2014. (3) The treatment of section 71.06 (1p) (intro.), (1p) (1q), (2) (g) (intro.), (1, 2, and 3.) 5., and 6. (h) (intro.), Mand (i), and (j), and (2e) (a) and (b) of the statutes first applies retroactively to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2013.

1	SECTION 59. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication,
2	except as follows:
3	(1) The treatment of section $71.255$ (2m) (d) of the statutes and Section $58$ (1)
4	of this act take effect retroactively to January 1, 2009.
5	(END)

#### 2013-2014 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INS 12-3

SECTION 1. 71.06 (1p) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (1p) (a) On all taxable income from \$0 to \$7,500, 4.6% 4.40 percent.

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 2. 71.06 (1p) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (1p) (b) On all taxable income exceeding \$7,500 but not exceeding  $$15,000, \frac{6.15\%}{5.84}$  percent.

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 3. 71.06 (1p) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (1p) (c) On all taxable income exceeding \$15,000 but not exceeding \$112,500, 6.5% 6.27 percent. (end ins)

Tistory: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27; 41, 237; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 26  $INS\ 12-13$ 

SECTION 4. 71.06 (2) (g) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (2) (g) 1. On all taxable income from \$0 to \$10,000, 4.6% 4.0 percent.

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1996 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 5. 71.06 (2) (g) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (2) (g) 2. On all taxable income exceeding \$10,000 but not exceeding \$20,000, 6.15%  $\underline{5.84}$  percent.

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1997 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 6. 71.06 (2) (g) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (2) (g) 3. On all taxable income exceeding \$20,000 but not exceeding

\$150,000, 6.5% 6.27 percent. (enc ins)

a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1986 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 7. 71.06 (2) (h) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (2) (h) 1. On all taxable income from \$0 to \$5,000, 4.6% 4.0 percent.

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1995 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 8. 71.06 (2) (h) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:





71.06 (2) (h) 2. On all taxable income exceeding \$5,000 but not exceeding 10,000, 6.15% 5.84 percent.

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1999 a. 9; 2004 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

SECTION 9. 71.06 (2) (h) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.06 (2) (h) 3. On all taxable income exceeding \$10,000 but not exceeding \$75,000, 6.5% 6.27 percent.  $\checkmark$ 

History: 1987 a. 312; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 16; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2009 a. 28; 2013 a. 20.

(end ins)

## Rose, Stefanie

From:

Walsh, Patrick

Sent:

Wednesday, February 26, 2014 12:12 PM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB -3911/2 Topic: Combined reporting, earned income and homestead tax credits, domestic production activities credit, capital gains, personal exemptions,

repeal Act 20 individual income tax rates and brackets changes

Please Jacket LRB -3911/2 for the ASSEMBLY.